

Recommended 2.4 Problems

2.4 (1-4, 17, 18²⁰, 27, 28)

$$2a) {}_8P_4 = \frac{8!}{(8-4)!} = 1680$$

$$b) {}_8C_4 = \frac{8!}{(8-4)! 4!} = 70$$

$$4a) {}_9P_0 = \frac{9!}{(9-0)!} = 1$$

$$b) {}_9C_0 = \frac{9!}{(9-0)! 0!} = 1$$

8a) Drawing is done without replacement

Since order is important, there are

$${}_{23}P_3 = 10,626 \text{ possible orderings of the speakers}$$

b) Now, order is not important, so there are

$${}_{23}C_3 = 1,771 \text{ ways of choosing the speakers}$$

20a) If the members ~~are~~ of the committee all do the same thing, then the order of their selection is unimportant and there are ${}^{16}C_4 = 1820$ different committees

b) If there is a chairperson and the rest are general members, there are two categories:

$$\frac{{}^{16}C_1}{\text{Chair}} \quad \frac{{}^{15}C_3}{\text{others}} \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} {}^{16}C_1 = 16 \\ {}^{15}C_3 = 455 \end{array}$$

Hence, there are $16 \cdot 455 = 7280$ possible committees

c) If there are 4 distinct roles, then order is important and there are ${}^{16}P_4 = 43,680$ possible committees.

You could also think about this as having four categories: $\frac{16}{\text{Chair}} \quad \frac{15}{\text{secretary}} \quad \frac{14}{\text{refreshments}} \quad \frac{13}{\text{cleaning}}$

Leading to $16 \cdot 15 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 = 43,680$ possible committees

~~27)~~

27) There are ${}_{52}C_5 = 2,598,960$ possible 5 card hands since order does not matter and drawing is done without replacement

28a) There are ${}_{13}C_5 = 1287$ hands with all hearts

b) As in part (a), there are 1287 hands with all diamonds, 1287 hands of all clubs, and 1287 hands of all spades.

Hence, there are $4 \cdot 1287 = 5148$ hands of all of the same suit

